

Common Report Engine User Guide

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Deutsche Börse AG Common Report Engine User Guide

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List of Abbreviations

AP	Access Point
BF	Börse Frankfurt
BFZ	Börse Frankfurt Zertifikate
CRE	Common Report Engine
DBAG	Deutsche Börse AG
ECAG	Eurex Clearing AG
IETF	Internet Engineering Task Force
MiFID	Markets in Financial Instruments Directive
MISS	Member Integration System Server
PuTTYgen	Putty Key Generator
RC	Registered Customer
RRH	Regulatory Reporting Hub
RSA	Rivest, Shamir and Adleman (public-key cryptosystem)
SFTP	SSH File Transfer Protocol
SSH	Secure Shell
VPN	Virtual Private Network
WinSCP	Windows Secure Copy (a free and open-source SFTP and FTP client for Windows)

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1 General information

The Common Report Engine (CRE) allows a centralized provision of reports and non-transactional files from multiple exchange markets.

The service is provided as an SFTP server and allows participants to easily retrieve all of their reports and non-transactional files from a single source.

This service is independent from the existing trading and clearing infrastructure, and participants can choose their preferred hardware platform and operating system.

Communication with the CRE is based on OpenSSH. The OpenSSH server authenticates users using the standard methods supported by the SSH protocol (<u>http://www.OpenSSH.com)</u>.

All examples provided in this document refer to either the OpenSSH distribution or the PuTTY installable package for Windows.

1.1 Intended audience

This document is intended for system developers, system and security administrators maintaining their systems to interact with the CRE service offered by DBAG. It assumes that the reader is familiar with OpenSSH public/private key pair authentication methods (i.e. handling of public/private key pair) and the use of SFTP clients and/or scripts.

The purpose of this document is to provide an overview on how to obtain access to the CRE, how to deposit keys in the DBAG Member Section (User Administration) and how to manage the downloading of files and reports.

1.2 Conventions used in this document

Cross-references to other sections within this document are always clickable, but not marked separately. Hyperlinks to webpages are blue and underlined.

1.3 SSH File Transfer Protocol

This document refers to "SFTP" in numerous instances. To avoid misunderstandings, "SFTP" stands for the SSH File Transfer Protocol as defined here: <u>https://www.sftp.net</u>

1.4 SSH/SFTP tools

While access to SSH based services is part of most Unix based distributions, PuTTY is an open source software that is available for MS Windows. It can be used to easily establish SSH and SFTP sessions (http://www.putty.org).

1.5 Change Log

- Added naming conventions of T7 Instrument Reference Data for Börse Frankfurt and Börse Frankfurt Zertifikate (chapter 6.2.7)
- Chapter 3.1: Only SSH-2 RSA keys with a minimum of 2048 bits are allowed to be uploaded in the Member Section

2 Overview

2.1 History

Deutsche Börse has provided a Common Report Engine (CRE), which was introduced as part of the Eurex Technology Roadmap in the second quarter of 2011 for Eurex, Xetra and CCP. In 2012, the CRE service was extended to DBAG Partner Exchanges such as the Malta Stock Exchange, the Bulgarian Stock Exchange and the European Energy Exchange. From 2018, the Regulatory Hub and Eurex Repo were added.

The CRE offers participants a way to retrieve all reports and files for all environments of the respective markets independent from the exchange trading and clearing infrastructure. The CRE is the sole source for all trading and clearing relevant reports and files for T7 cash and derivatives markets, Eurex Clearing's C7, EurexOTC Clear, Eurex Clearing Prisma, Regulatory Hub and Eurex Repo.

2.2 Features and functionality

- Report Selection: The report selection mechanism differs from market to market as described below:
 - For T7 cash and derivatives markets, Eurex Clearing's C7, EurexOTC Clear, Eurex Clearing Prisma and Regulatory Hub all reports and files are generated by default and are made available via the CRE. Participants can download the reports and files they are interested in.
 - CCP participants need to pre-select reports they would like to receive via the CRE on the Securities Clearing GUI. Only the GUI selected reports are provided.
 - Xetra Release 17.0 participants need to pre-select the reports they would like to receive via the CRE on the J-Trader GUI. Only the selected reports are provided including bilateral aggregation reports. Note that performance reports for Specialists and Designated Sponsors, as well as an instrument reference data file will be provided by default.
- An extended history of minimum 10 business days is kept on the CRE.
- Participants may set up more than one connection to the CRE to access the CRE from different locations depending on their business requirements.
- The reports can be downloaded manually or automated (by using a script).
- All end-of-line encodings are streamlined to <CRLF>.

2.3 Security, Autorisation and Access

In general, the setup process for the participant involves the following three steps:

- 1. Generating an OpenSSH compliant public/private key pair
- 2. Creating a CRE user and uploading the public key in the DBAG Member Section
- 3. Logging into the CRE and downloading reports via SFTP client

To provide a secure service, the OpenSSH authentication method is used. This method requires an OpenSSH compliant public/private key pair, which the participant has to generate. This process ensures that the participants authenticate themselves against the CRE. The public key has to be generated and uploaded to the DBAG Member Section, while the participant will keep the private key. By using a key-based authentication method, no login passwords have to be transferred over the Internet at any time.

- Participants need to provide a public/private key pair to access their reports. It is recommended to limit access to the CRE using dedicated IP addresses.
- Security of data will be ensured by the usage of SSH2.

The illustration below provides an overview on how to access the CRE and how to set up the access process in order to download all necessary files.

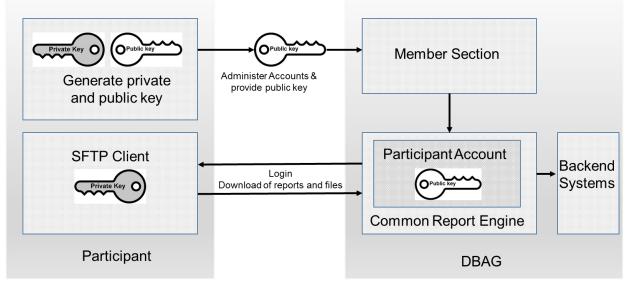


Fig. 1: Process overview to connect to the CRE

Note: The figure above is not a true representation of servers and networks involved, but rather provides a simplified functional overview.

The public key will be provided to the CRE via the Member Section.

The private key always remains in the hands of the CRE user. The CRE user will need the individual private key at any time a login to the CRE is committed.

It is recommended to create a public/private key pair for every user connecting to the CRE.

2.4 Hardware requirements

There are no particular hardware requirements to access the CRE servers. The CRE servers can be accessed from any computer running the SFTP client program.

2.5 Software requirements

A SFTP client compliant with a current SSH2 version is required in order to connect to the CRE.

- OpenSSH provides a large suite of secure tunnelling capabilities, several authentication methods, and sophisticated configuration options.
- DBAG has disabled all known insecure Ciphers, Key Exchange Algorithms and MAC Algorithms for the SSH server.

Known secure parameters for each method are listed below:

Key Exchange Algorithms:

- ✓ curve25519-sha256
- √ curve25519-sha256@libssh.org
- ✓ diffie-hellman-group18-sha512
- ✓ diffie-hellman-group14-sha256
- ✓ diffie-hellman-group16-sha512
- √ √ diffie-hellman-group-exchange-sha256
- ecdh-sha2-nistp256
- ecdh-sha2-nistp384 √
- ecdh-sha2-nistp521

Ciphers (encryption Algorithms):

- chacha20-poly1305@openssh.com \checkmark
- √ aes256-gcm@openssh.com
- aes128-gcm@openssh.com
- ✓ aes256-ctr
- √ aes192-ctr
- aes128-ctr

MAC Algorithms:

- hmac-sha2-512-etm@openssh.com \checkmark
- √ hmac-sha2-256-etm@openssh.com
- √ umac-128-etm@openssh.com
- ✓ hmac-sha2-512
- hmac-sha2-256

3 Setup process

3.1 How to generate and save SSH key pair

As mentioned in chapter 2, public/private keys are used for authentication by the CRE infrastructure. The participant must generate the pair of keys.

- It is required to use a minimum of 2048 bits for the generated key. The key type must be SSH2 RSA. Once the parameters above are set the key can be generated.
- The key generation process will produce public and private keys. See details about key handling and usage in sections below.
- Save the public key files and private key files for future use.
- In no case should the **private key** be transferred over an insecure network, e.g. via e-mail, and it should always be kept only by the participant.
- It is highly recommended to protect the key file with a passphrase. This will encrypt the private key when it is saved in a secure location on the local machine. Using passphrases for batch SSH-keys requires familiarity with the SSH-agent authentication subsystem. Participants should be aware that the use of strong encryption methods and encrypted SSH-keys is advisable but will raise administration efforts and system complexity.
- To generate an SSH public/private key various freeware tools are available for download from the Internet, such as PuTTY or OpenSSH.

3.2 Example for key generation using PuTTYgen (MS Windows)

See the following example of key pair generation.

- Make sure to have the latest stable version of PuTTYgen.
- Set key parameters type and bit number as shown below.
- Follow the instructions on the screen and move the mouse over the blank area for a while.

) I
	<u>G</u> enerate
	<u>G</u> enerate Load
Save p <u>u</u> blic key	

Fig. 2: Generate key (screenshot of PuTTYgen)

- Please note: In some rare cases, one key bit is not recognised by the DBAG Member Section. Therefore, it is advisable to generate a key with a minimum of 2049 bit before uploading the public key into the DBAG member section.
- The private key must be accessible for the participant's SFTP client in order to login successfully. By clicking the buttons highlighted in Figure 3, participants can save their private and public keys in the PuTTY format for further use with the PuTTY tools or WinSCP.

ey			
1733 an an 1944	ng into OpenSSH authoriz	ed_keys file:	
3Ps5/TeOZGH3C8 q1nZPplcERMpcV	EAAAABJQAAAQEBLup7 Shculc5EpA9scNPqv6ynL iT5Ulpoge5cvcAt67nzqsE ?7NslCAbQl+hHSdkzqTEr	.lrOLIBajlTEQu+hJjggGa SIF6SRsuCzmBACa0Q2	aurcSrdk5R+qkUfP_ ZHveymvnoUNVfd_
Key fijngerprint:	ssh-rsa 2049 b4:a6:c	6:14:5b:ff:17:c7:27:cc:4	9:31:d1:73:cf:d5
<ey <u="">comment:</ey>	rsa-key-20120924		
Key p <u>a</u> ssphrase:			
C <u>o</u> nfirm passphrase	: [
Actions	private key pair		<u>G</u> enerate
Actions Generate a public/p			<u>G</u> enerate Load
Actions Generate a public/p Load an existing priv	vate key file	Save p <u>u</u> blic key	 Load
ctions ienerate a public/p oad an existing priv iave the generated	vate key file	Save p <u>u</u> blic key	 Load
Actions Generate a public/p Load an existing prin Gave the generated Parameters Fype of key to gene C SSH- <u>1</u> (RSA)	vate key file Ikey		

Fig. 3: Saving the generated public and private keys in the PuTTY format (screenshot from tool PuTTYgen)

• The OpenSSH private key can also be exported in the OpenSSH format for use with other software working with OpenSSH keys (such as Unix SFTP).

PuTTY Key Gener	ator		?
EXEV Conversion	ns <u>H</u> elp		
Key Import	key		
Public Export 9	OpenSSH key	d_keys file:	
AAAAB onzachycz 3Ps5/Te0ZGH3C6 g1nZPplcERMpcV	ssh.com key Choulo5EpA9scNPqv6ynLir iT5Ulpoge5cvcAt67nzqsE8 i7NslCAbQI+hHSdkzqTEr2	OLIBajITEQu+hJjggGa XIF6SRsuCzmBACa0Q2	aurcSrdk5R+qkUfP ZHveymvnoUNVfd
Key fingerprint:	ssh-rsa 2049 b4:a6:c6:	14:5b:ff:17:c7:27:cc:4	9:31:d1:73:cf:d5
Key <u>c</u> omment:	rsa-key-20120924		
Key p <u>a</u> ssphrase:			
C <u>o</u> nfirm passphrase	: [
Actions			
Generate a public/r	private key pair		<u>G</u> enerate
acherate a public/p			
Load an existing priv	vate key file		Load
an an the art is		Save p <u>u</u> blic key	Load Save private key
Load an existing priv		Save p <u>u</u> blic key	
Load an existing prive Save the generated	lkey		

Fig. 4: Saving the OpenSSH private key for future use (screenshot from tool PuTTYgen)

- The public key must be saved in OpenSSH format to be uploaded to DBAG Member Section.
- Copy the marked text from PuTTYgen to a text editor, such as notepad and save it with the extension .pub.
- Make sure that this line has no "End Of Line" character (EOL) at the end!

PuTTY Key General	or ? 🗙
ile <u>K</u> ey Con <u>v</u> ersions	Help
Key	
Public key for pasting	into OpenSSH authorized_keys file:
ssh-rsa AAAAB2NIzaC1uo2E/	AAABJQAAAQEBLup7sEDJCgii07SPcR1yhBi9cs7nfQkvW8m9T
I3Ps5/Te0ZGH3C6h	culc5EpA9scNPgv6vnLlrOLIBailTEQu+hJiggGaurcSrdk5R+gkUfPL
q1nZPplcERMpcViT 4YWL12500nv40Z71	5Ulpoge5cvcAt67nzqsE8lF6SRsuCzmBACa0QZHveymvnoUNVfd
Key fingerprint:	ssh-rsa 2049 b4:a6:c6:14:5b:ff:17:c7:27:cc:49:31:d1:73:cf:d5
Key <u>c</u> omment:	rsa-key-20120924
Key p <u>a</u> ssphrase:	
Confirm passphrase:	
C:\Program File	es\putty\private_openssh_key.txt - Notepad++
the second state of the se	View Encoding Language Settings Macro Run TextFX Plugir
	5 6 8 4 D C 2 8 5 6 5
📄 private_openssl	_key.txt
1 ssh-rs	a AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAABJQAAAQEBLup7sEDJCgiiO7
Save As	
Save jn	🗁 putty 🔍 🐨 🕐 📂

Fig. 5: Saving the public key for DBAG Member Section upload (screenshot from tool PuTTYgen and Nodepad++)

- Public keys must consist of one line only. Only public OpenSSH keys in this format can be used with the CRE and can be successfully uploaded in the DBAG Member Section.
- After uploading, the participant must wait for the configuration data (users, keys, markets, etc.) to be transferred to the CRE database. Usually this processing takes place in the late evenings.
- In general, access to the CRE will be possible after two business days. (After the first business day you have access and see empty folders, after the second business day upload of reports and files is possible.)
- Changes to existing users will take effect on the next day.

Please note that the public key does NOT have to be signed by a certification authority of the participant for the use with the CRE.

3.3 CRE user administration

Before the CRE can be accessed, a CRE user account has to be set up and the OpenSSH public key has to be uploaded in the DBAG member section This task can be performed by the "Technical User Administrator".

"DBAG Member Section" <u>https://member.deutsche-boerse.com</u> -> "Technical Connection"-> "Technical User Administration"-> "Report Engine User"

Administration rights to become a "Technical User Administrator" may be requested using the DBAG member section.

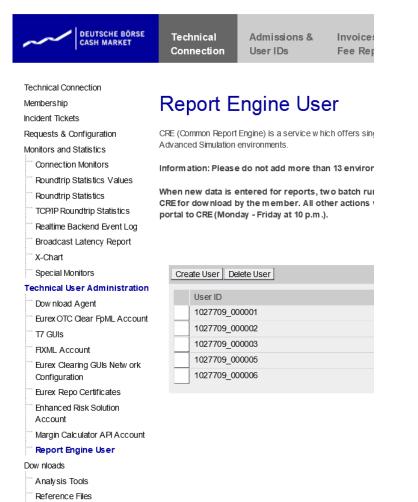


Fig. 6: CRE users must be maintained in the DBAG member section

An overview of all existing and already created CRE users will be displayed. It is possible to edit, modify or delete existing CRE users by simply selecting them from the list.

All CRE users can be identified by their UserID, which is generated during the account setup process. A UserID looks like this example: 1027709 000001

The first part, 1027709 is the so-called DBAG business partner ID which is used in the DBAG Member Section for identification of a customer of Deutsche Börse AG. A business partner may have different memberships on Eurex and Xetra; each membership is represented by a Member ID. The second part, 0000001 is a sequential number, automatically assigned by the system.

In addition, new CRE users can be created in the DBAG Member Section:

The new input screen will be opened by clicking on "Create User" where all necessary user information needs to be entered.

port User Information			
scription:			
erID:			
port Engine Configuration			
dd Access Remove Access			
MemberID	Market	Environment	
Add Row Remove Row			
Add Row Remove Row	2		
Add Row Remove Row] Valid To	Comment	
C ertificates Add Certificate Remove Certificate		Comment	

Fig. 7: Input screen in the DBAG Member Section to create a new CRE user

1. Report User Information (Optional):

In the field "Description" a short description of the user should be given. Please note that the description is not the UserID. Any description of the user may be entered here. The UserID field itself will be filled by the system automatically

2. Report Engine Configuration:

"Add Access" needs to be clicked on to enter the "MemberID", a "Market" and an "Environment". A selection of all applicable combinations for this specific user will be displayed from which he can choose.

Please note that one user can have access for multiple combinations of member IDs, markets and environments, but not more than 13 entries. For all market directories supported by the CRE (underlying markets), also the relevant associated markets are now available for selection as a mandatory element during the setup.

Examples of combinations for underlying markets:

Market	Underlying Market
EEX	EUREX
Eurex Repo	EUREX
Malta Stock Exchange	XETRA

For a complete overview refer to Appendix C.

3. Network Data (Optional):

Access for a user can be restricted to a single IP address. An additional IP address will be added by clicking on "Add Row". This is optional, but highly recommended by DBAG. Select an IP address and click on "Remove Row" to remove it.

The address pattern entered here will be included in the configuration file for this user account. A wildcard (*) can be used in the pattern to represent zero or more characters. In order to combine multiple patterns, a pattern list can be used; each pattern must be on a new line. To prevent mistakes a logical check of the IP address is provided.

4. Certificate:

The certificate refers to the public key created as described in chapter 3.1. The certificate/public key is only used to authenticate a user/role. The user/role permissions (i.e. access to member/market/etc.) are assigned at a later stage in the setup process (please refer to step 2 in this chapter). It is recommended to create a private/public key pair for every CRE user that may connect to the CRE.

A public key needs to be uploaded by clicking on "Add Certificate". Next a popup window will appear where the OpenSSH public key has to be uploaded. Browse to the location of the key and click "Upload".

Add Certificate	
Upload Certificate	
C:\Documents and Settings\ Upload	Browse
Next 🕨 Cancel	

Fig. 8: Popup screen to upload the public key

The private key file must be accessible for the participant's SFTP client, but should never be sent to DBAG.

Click "Next" to add validity dates and adding comments. A validity period of 90 days is used by default. The certificate/public key is added by clicking "Add Certificate".

Add Certificat	e	
Certificate Inf)	
Valid From: Always Valid: Valid To:	2/14/2011 📑 5/15/2011 🗊	
Comment:		
		•

Fig. 9: Screen to enter validity dates and comments for the certificate/public key

Key expiration:

CRE users will be notified by email in due time about upcoming expiration. Latest one day before a certificate/public key will expire, the existing key needs to be prolonged (upload the existing key once more and define a new expiration date) or a new private/public key pair must be generated and the newly generated public key needs to be uploaded.

5. The final step is to save the changes: Click on "Save" to automatically create the UserID

Report User Into	Report user information						
Description:	GDBXX Simu						
UserID:	1027709_000015						
Report Engine Co	ontiguration						
Add Access Re	emove Access						
MemberID		Environment		Market			
GDBXX		Simulation		EUREX			
SIMAN		Simulation		EUREX			
_							
Network Data							
Add Row Remo	ove Row						
IPAddress							
Certificates							
Add Certificate	Remove Certificate						
Status V	/alid From [dd.mm.yyyy]		Valid To [dd.mm.yyyy]		Comment		
🖌 🖌 🗸	03.01.2012		31.12.9999				
Certificate Data:							

Fig. 10: Exemplary CRE user information after the successful creation of a CRE user

The generated UserID is displayed in the Report Engine User Overview table, as well as in the field UserID when selecting a user in the table on the main screen.

All Central Coordinators and their deputies are informed via e-mail whenever a new CRE user has been successfully setup, modified or deleted.

Due to technical restrictions and introduction of public area, please do not add more than 13 environments per UserID!

When initially creating a CRE user, the information will be available after two business days. All subsequent changes to a CRE user become active after the next business day.

4 Connecting to the CRE

Participants may use an SFTP client of their choice to access the CRE server and download their reports. The CRE does not offer any interactive SSH sessions nor any kind of browser access. The following information is required to log into the CRE:

- UserID which has been generated by successfully setting up a new user in the DBAG member section
- The IP address (host name) of DBAG/CRE
- The private ssh key fitting to the public key uploaded in the DBAG member section

The CRE is divided into areas.

Area A gives access to reports of the following markets and services:

- T7 cash markets including Xetra (XETR + Börse Frankfurt) and partner exchanges
- T7 derivatives markets including Eurex trading, T7/FX and EEX
- Eurex Clearing's C7
- Eurex Clearing's PRISMA
- EurexOTC Clear
- CCP
- Xetra Release 17.0 participants

Area B gives access to reports of the following markets and services:

- Regulatory Hub
- Eurex Repo

The IP's used for access to the CRE are shown in the table below.

	CRE infratructure IP adresses			Port	
	Lease	Leased line		Public	Private
	A	В	Internet	T UDIIC	Tinvate
Area A				2221	2222
	193.29.90.67	193.29.90.99	193.29.90.132		
Area B				2231	2232

In the Appendix of this document, you can find all server host keys for the CRE.

If you are using a client to connect to the CRE, the client will ask you once to accept the DBAG CRE Server Host Key, the Server Host Key will be remembered for future logins by the client. If you use a customized script to access the CRE, the Server Host Key has to be integrated where appropriate. The DBAG Server Host Key for the CRE can be found in the Appendix of this document.

Connectivity to the CRE can be tested via Telnet.

• Test the connection using Telnet

```
# telnet 193.29.90.67 2222
Trying 193.29.90.67...
Connected to 193.29.90.67.
Escape character is '^]'.
SSH-2.0-OpenSSH_5.3
Protocol mismatch.
Connection to 193.29.90.67 closed by foreign host.
# telnet 193.29.90.99 2222
Trying 193.29.90.99...
Connected to 193.29.90.99.
Escape character is '^]'.
SSH-2.0-OpenSSH_5.3
Protocol mismatch.
Connection to 193.29.90.99 closed by foreign host.
#
```

Fig. 11: Test of CRE using telnet

4.1 MS Windows example using WinSCP

WinSCP is an open source free SFTP client, SCP client, FTPS client and FTP client for MS Windows. Its main function is file transfer between a local and a remote computer. Beyond this, WinSCP offers scripting and basic file manager functionality. Source: <u>http://winscp.net/eng/index.php</u>

Session	Session	1026 53	
 Stored sessions 	Host name:	Po <u>r</u> t number:	
Logging	193.29.90.99	2222 ÷	
Environment Directories SFTP SCP/Shell	User name: Passw 1027709_000001	vord:	
Connection	Private <u>k</u> ey file:		
Proxy	C:\Program Files\putty\cre_test_1_priv.ppk		
- Tunnel	Te: in regram r nes spaky tere_test_ r_ph		
SSH Key exchange	Protocol		
- Authentication Bugs		Allow SCP <u>(</u> allback	
Preferences		Select c <u>o</u> lor	
Advanced options			
About Lan	guages Login	Save Close	

Fig. 12: Input screen required in order to log in to the CRE

Session Stored sessions Logging Environment	Protocol options ↓ Enable compression Preferred SSH protocol version:	
- Directories - SFTP	C1 only C1 © 2 C2 only	
SCP/Shell	Encryption options	
Connection	Encryption cipher selection golicy:	
- Ргоху	AES (SSH-2 only)	
- Tunnel	Blowfish 3DES	
SSH	- warn below here Down	
Key exchange Authentication	Arcfour (SSH-2 only)	
Bugs	DES	
Preferences	Enable legacy use of single- <u>D</u> ES in SSH-2	
–	-) - L	
Advanced options		

Fig. 13: Enable compression for ssh transfer.

C № log C Iext log C XML log	
Logging options Logging level: Debug 2 💌	
C:\Temp\001_cre.log C:\Tem	 patterns
	Logging level: Debug 2 ▼ Log to file: C:\Temp\001_cre.log C Append © Overwrite Show log window: C Display complete session

Fig. 14: Enable logging for WinSCP.

🍢 reports01 - 00_GDBXX Prod + Simu private area - WinSCP			
Local Mark Eiles Commands Session	Options Remote Help		
🌢 🗉 🖓 - 📅 📽 🐼 📟 🛃	🖟 😤 🦣 主 - 🔽 🗘 🖉 🖉 Default 🔹 👹 -		
00_GDBXX Prod + Simu private area +			
🖙 🔂 🔽 🖕 + » 🔁 🕥 »			
C:\reports01	/gdbxx/P/eurex		
Name 🔻 Ext	🖃 🧰 / <root> 🔛 🛋</root>		
©	🖻 🛅 gdbxx		
<u></u> 20120119	🛅 AS		
	🛱 🧰 P		
0 B of 0 B in 0 of 1	20121122		
	l 🛛 🖂 🖂 20121123		
Command >			
📔 🖋 F2 Rename 🎯 F4 Edit 🖓 F5 Copy	🖆 F6 Move 🂣 F7 Create Directory 🗙 F8 Delete 🛛 👋		
	🔒 SFTP-3 📮 0:04:53 🎢		

Fig. 15: Successful login to CRE member section with WinSCP.

After a successful login participant can use the full range of functionality of the CRE.

4.2 MS Windows example using PSFTP

PSFTP belongs to PuTTY tools mentioned above. It provides command line SFTP client that uses PuTTY key format.

It offers script capabilities as well.

and putty	
C:\Program Files\putty>psftp -C -P 2222 -i ./cre_test_1_pri 193.29.90.67 Using username "1027709_000001". Unauthorized Access to this Network is prohibited Unerlaubter Zugriff zu diesem Netzwerk is verboter	•
Remote working directory is / psftp> psftp> psftp> psftp> quit C:\Program Files\putty>_	
osftp> osftp> osftp> osftp> quit	

Fig. 16: Successful login to CRE member section with PSFTP.

4.3 Troubleshooting and Debugging examples

If you have trouble connecting to the CRE contact your TKAM. It is necessary to have detailed information about what happened exactly, what the problem is including error messages and screenshots. WinSCP has the ability to log its activities, see Figure 17 above how to configure and utilize that feature. SFTP provides a debug switch (-vvv, see SSH manual page for details) which prints a detailed connection log into the standard output channel.

See the two most common errors as examples below.

4.3.1 Error 1: No matching SSH key found

```
$ sftp -oPort=2222 -vvv 1027709@193.29.90.67
Connecting to 193.29.90.67...
OpenSSH 4.3p2, OpenSSL 0.9.8e-fips-rhel5 01 Jul 2008
debug1: Reading configuration data /root/.ssh/config
debug1: Reading configuration data /etc/ssh/ssh config
debug1: Applying options for *
debug2: ssh connect: needpriv 0
<--- SNIP --->
debug3: preferred gssapi-with-mic, publickey, keyboard-
interactive, password
debug3: authmethod_lookup publickey
debug3: remaining preferred: keyboard-interactive, password
debug3: authmethod_is_enabled publickey
debug1: Next authentication method: publickey
debug1: Offering public key: first_name last_name (2010-10-11)
debug3: send pubkey test
debug2: we sent a publickey packet, wait for reply
debug1: Authentications that can continue: publickey
debug1: Offering public key: rsa-key-20110217
debug3: send pubkey test
debug2: we sent a publickey packet, wait for reply
debug1: Authentications that can continue: publickey
debug1: Offering public key: rsa-key-20101207
debug3: send pubkey test
debug2: we sent a publickey packet, wait for reply
Received disconnect from 193.29.90.67: Too many authentication
failures for 1027709 000001
Couldn't read packet: Connection reset by peer
```

```
4.3.2 Error 2: No key used at all
```

```
$ sftp -oPort=2222 -vvv 1027709 000001@193.29.90.67
Connecting to 193.29.90.67...
OpenSSH 4.3p2, OpenSSL 0.9.8e-fips-rhel5 01 Jul 2008
debug1: Reading configuration data /root/.ssh/config
debug1: Reading configuration data /etc/ssh/ssh config
debug1: Applying options for *
debug2: ssh connect: needpriv 0
<--- SNIP --->
debug1: Authentications that can continue: publickey
debug3: start over, passed a different list publickey
debug3: preferred gssapi-with-mic, publickey, keyboard-
interactive, password
debug3: authmethod lookup publickey
debug3: remaining preferred: keyboard-interactive, password
debug3: authmethod is enabled publickey
debug1: Next authentication method: publickey
debug1: Offering public key: /root/.ssh/kdump_id_rsa
debug3: send pubkey test
debug2: we sent a publickey packet, wait for reply
debug1: Authentications that can continue: publickey
debug1: Trying private key: /root/.ssh/id_rsa
debug3: no such identity: /root/.ssh/id rsa
debug1: Trying private key: /root/.ssh/id rsa
debug3: no such identity: /root/.ssh/id rsa
debug2: we did not send a packet, disable method
debug1: No more authentication methods to try.
Permission denied (publickey).
Couldn't read packet: Connection reset by peer
```

The complete command line switch overview may be found in the SFTP manual page. Be aware that no interactive session is possible (SCP), only SFTP service is supported. For troubleshooting with DBAG Group Client Services & Admininistration please be able to provide the above mentioned log/debug information via email and/or DBAG member section

4.4 Retrieving reports and files

Participants may use the SFTP client of their choice to access the CRE's server. After successful login, participants will be able to access their reports and files either manually, i.e. by browsing through their folder(s) on the server, or by downloading them automatically via script.

In case a connection to the CRE is not possible or an existing connectivity got broken please do not try to login again in very short time intervals (i.e. several tries every few seconds) but rather wait a little while (a minute or more) and then try again. If you tried this for a few times and still no connection can be established, please contact DBAG Technical Support.

4.5 Automated Download: Sample script

In order to provide an indication of the level of effort to be put into the programming of a script, a sample script for the widely used Bourne-again shell (bash) is provided below:

```
#! /bin/bash
  if [ $# -ne 6 ]; then
      echo
      echo "Usage:"
      echo "`basename $0 ` <ssh key file> <sftp user> <CRE node>
  <member id> <environment> <market>"
      echo
      exit 15
  fi
keyfile=$1
user=$2
node=$3
member id=` echo -n $4 |tr -s [:upper:] [:lower:]`
env=`echo -n $5 |tr -s [:lower:] [:upper:]`
market=`echo -n $6 |tr -s [:upper:] [:lower:]`
sftp=/usr/bin/sftp
echo=""
date=`date +%Y%m%d`
echo "
    cd $member id/$env/$market
   get "$date"*
    exit " | $sftp -C -i $keyfile -b - $user@$node
```

Please keep in mind that this script has been kept simple and universal. It may need customization to meet individual requirements.

Since this is an example for an operating system running a bash shell, please note the WinSCP is also capable of scripting and automated job processing on MS Windows.

5 Structures and naming conventions

5.1 Directory structure in the CRE participant area

After a successful login, the user is placed to the chrooted file system root (/) - the home directory. A user will not be able to access any files outside his home directory and sub-directories. A business partner home directory may look like the sample below (user view).

Example 1	Example 2
/	pakfr
+abcex	+AS
¦ +₽	
+eurex	+P
¦ ¦ +date	+xetra
¦ +−S	¦ ¦ +date
+eurex	
¦ +date	+xetra_ffm2
+abcfr	+date
+AS	
	+S
+P	+xetra
+eurex	+date
+date	
+S	+xetra_ffm2
+ccp	+date
+date	
+eurex	
+date	
+xetra	
+date	

Examples of directory structure in member area.

The first level of directories is corresponding to the respective MemberID configured, followed by the environment (second directory level) and the market and date, where:

- AS=Advanced Simulation (Available only for Xetra Frankfurt)
- P=Production
- S=Simulation

In example 1, member ABCEX has been configured for the Eurex production and simulation, and ABCFR has simulation environments for Eurex and Xetra and CCP and the production environment for Eurex. In example 2, member PAKFR has been configured for the Xetra and Xetra Frankfurt 2 production environment and for the Xetra and Xetra Frankfurt 2 simulation environment.

Please note that neither the directory structure nor access permissions can be manipulated by Deutsche Börse or the individual user. Access to member IDs, environments and markets is solely configured by the participant's Central Coordinator/ Technical User Administrator in the DBAG Member Section and "translated" into permissions for directories on the CRE.

Since CRE users will be restricted to read-only access to the CRE file system, file and directory operations will be limited to commands like cd, get, help, ls, pwd, etc. Any operation on directories or files within the file system that may incorporate or require manipulations to the file system content will not be permitted.

5.2 Directory structure in the CRE public area

In the public area, non-transactional and non-participant specific reports and files will be published. Therefore, a virtual participant directory "publi" is provided on the CRE. Participants can browse the virtual participant directory "publi" using the same authorisation mechanisms to access non-transactional and non-participant-specific reports and files. To access the public Area A, participants must use port 2221 instead of port 2222. To access the public Area B, participants must use port 2231 instead of port 2232.

Example 3

Examples of directory structure in public area.

For the CRE public section, the same directory structure is applicable as for the CRE member area. Please refer to chapter 5.1 for further details about the directory structure.

6 Report and file naming conventions

The CRE has the following REGEX (regular expression) pattern as naming conventions:

```
[0-9]{2}[0-9A-Z]{8}[0-9A-Z]{5}[0-9]{8}[A-Z0-9\_-]{0,34}\.[A-Z]{3}
\.ZIP
```

Maximum length of a report file name is 64 characters!

The naming conventions in the CRE public area are the same as in the CRE member area, whereas all reports and files in the CRE public area will use the member ID PUBLI.

Versioning

In case a report or file needs to be corrected (due to inconsistencies, incompleteness or corrupted data) the original zip file name will be modified. A versioning indicator will be added with a convention of -V[0-9]{2}, starting with -V01 and maximum versions of -V99.

Please note: Report names will always be static. Delivery of a new version of a given report can only be observed with the help of the versioning indicator added to the name of the corresponding zip file.

Examples for reports or files:

Original version:	01RPTTC540PAKFR20120301GDBXX.TXT.ZIP
1 st correction:	01RPTTC540PAKFR20120301GDBXX-V01.TXT.ZIP
2 nd correction:	01RPTTC540PAKFR20120301GDBXX-V02.TXT.ZIP

[...]

Please note that the versioning indicator additionally applies to all report and file naming conventions for zip containers below.

6.1 General report naming conventions

Field	Meaning	Remark
[0-9]{2}	Environment ID	i.e. 00 Eurex Prod
[0-9A-Z]{8}	Report name	i.e. RPTTC540
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Member ID	i.e. PAKFR
[0-9]{8}	Business date	YYYYMMDD
[A-ZO-9_\-]{0,34}	Flexindicator 1	Optional
	Flexindicator 2	Optional
	Timestamp	Optional
	Sequence number	Optional
		Optional
\.	Dot	
[A-Z]{3}\.ZIP	Extension for compressed reports	CSV.ZIP, LIS.ZIP, TXT.ZIP, XML.ZIP, PDF.ZIP

Depending on the market the optional Flexindicator 1 and 2 have various meanings. Flexindicator 1 and 2, timestamp, sequence number and possible future enhancements are optional. Depending on the type of report they may remain empty.

Compression:

Reports and Files are provided in a compressed format. Compressed reports and files can be identified by the respective suffix. Depending on the market, the suffixes comprise:

Description	Suffix	Example
ZIP Format	(.ZIP)	(FILRDF for Eurex)
Compressed CSV format	(.CSV.ZIP)	(51FTXEONLNGDBXX20121201XETR for Xetra)
Compressed text format	(.TXT.ZIP)	(CB001 for Eurex)
Compressed XML format	(.XML.ZIP)	(CB001 for Eurex)

6.1.1 Eurex report naming conventions

Field	Meaning	Remark
[0-9]{2}	Environment ID	00, 90 Prod, 01, 95 Simu 2 numerics
[0-9A-Z]{8}	Report name	i.e. RPTTC540 8 alphanumerics
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Member ID	i.e. PAKFR 5 alphanumerics
[0-9]{8}	Business date	YYYYMMDD 8 numerics
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Flexindicator 1	Only for 00 and 01: Eurex Clearing Member Id 5 alphanumerics
[A-Z]{4}	Flexindicator 2	intraday/end of day identifier 4 chars
\.	Dot	
[A-Z]{3}\.ZIP	Extension for compressed reports	CSV.ZIP, LIS.ZIP, TXT.ZIP, XML.ZIP, PDF.ZIP

Example Eurex report: Example Eurex intraday report: 01RPTTC540GDBXX20120301PAKFR.TXT.ZIP 01RPTCP005GDBXX20140211PAKFRINTR.TXT.ZIP

6.1.2 EurexOTC Clear and Eurex Risk Operation report naming conventions

Field	Meaning	Remark
[0-9]{2}	Environment ID	OTC Clear:
		84 EurexOTC Prod,
		85 EurexOTC Simu
		Risk Operation:
		00 Prod, 01 Simu
		All: 2 numerics
[0-9A-Z]{8}	Report name	i.e. RPTCB202
		8 alphanumerics
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Member ID	i.e. GDBXX
		5 alphanumerics
[0-9]{8}	Business date	YYYYMMDD
		8 numerics
[0-9]{6}	Flexindicator 1	Time HHMMSS, used only for intraday
		reports
		6 numerics
[0-9]{0,10}	Flexindicator 2	unique identifier (trade id) 10
		numerics
\.	Dot	
[A-Z]{3}	Extension for compressed	TXT.ZIP, CSV.ZIP, XML.ZIP
	reports	

Example EurexOTC end-of-day Production report: 84RPTCB202GDBXX20121113.XML.ZIP

Example EurexOTC intraday Production report: 84RPTCI200GDBXX201609301447490000360469.XML.ZIP

Example Eurex Risk Operations intraday report: 00RPTCI042GDBXX20121113123456.XML.ZIP

6.1.3 CCP report naming conventions

Field	Meaning	Remark
[0-9]{2}	Environment ID	20 Prod, 21 Simu
		2 numerics
[0-9A-Z]{8}	Report name	i.e. RPTCE270
		8 alphanumerics
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Member ID	i.e. PAKFR
		5 alphanumerics
[0-9]{8}	Business date	YYYYMMDD
		8 numerics
[0-9]{2}	Flexindicator 1	settlement/continuous run number
		2 numerics
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Flexindicator 2	CCP reporting run type
		5 alphanumerics
\.	Dot	
[A-Z]{3}\.ZIP	Extension for compressed	CSV.ZIP, LIS.ZIP, TXT.ZIP, XML.ZIP
	reports	

Example CCP report: 21RPTCE270PAKFR2012030104CORPT.XML.ZIP

6.1.4 Xetra report naming conventions

Field	Meaning	Remark
[0-9]{2}	Environment ID	Xetra T7 51 Prod, 52 Simu, Börse Frankfurt T7 61 Prod, 62 Simu 2 numerics
[0-9A-Z]{8}	Report name	i.e. RPTTC810 8 alphanumerics
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Member ID	i.e. PAKFR 5 alphanumerics
[0-9]{8}	Business date	YYYYMMDD 8 numerics
[A-Z]{4}	Flexindicator 1	MIC Code 4 chars
[A-ZO-9]{2}	Flexindicator 2	T7 Indicator
١.	Dot	
[A-Z]{3}\.ZIP	Extension for compressed reports	CSV.ZIP, LIS.ZIP, TXT.ZIP, XML.ZIP

Example Xetra T7 report: 51RPTTC810PAKFR20120301XETR**T7**.XML.ZIP

Current list of valid Xetra MIC codes for Xetra T7:		
XETR	Xetra Frankfurt	
XMAL	Xetra Malta	
XBUL	Xetra Bulgaria	
XFRA	Börse Frankfurt	

6.1.5 Regulatory Reporting Hub report naming conventions

Field	Meaning	Remark	
[0-9]{2}	Environment ID	10 Prod, 16 Simu 2 numeric	
[0-9A-Z]{8}	Report name	i.e. RPTTRXnn 8 alphanumerics	
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Member ID	i.e. GDBRH 5 alphanumerics	
[0-9]{8}	Business date	YYYYMMDD 8 numerics	
n.a.	Flexindicator 1	n.a.	
[A-Z]{4}	Flexindicator 2	n.a.	
\.	Dot		
[A-Z]{3}\.ZIP	Extension for compressed reports	CSV.ZIP	

Example Regulatory Reporting Hub report: 10RPTTRX04GDBRH20161214.CSV.ZIP

For X equals: D = daily / W = weekly / M = monthly / Q = quarterly / Y = yearlyPlease Note: Regulatory Reporting Hub zipped report-files may contain more than one report!

6.1.6 Eurex Repo report naming conventions

Field	Meaning	Remark
[0-9]{2}	Environment ID	14 Prod., 15 Simu.,19 Advanced Simu. 2 numerics
[0-9A-Z]{8}	Report name	i.e. RPTMTX01 8 alphanumerics
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Member ID	i.e. PAKFR 5 alphanumerics
[0-9]{8}	Business date	YYYYMMDD 8 numerics
[0-9]{2}	Counter	01 2 numeric
[0-9 A-Z]{8}	Extract Name	The extract name provided by the member, filled with trailing zeros to the 7th character.
		8th character is "S" for scheduled extract or "N" for Run Now.
[0-9 A-Z]{5}	Segment	e.g. GCP00
		5 alphanumerics
\.	Dot	
[A-Z]{3}\.ZIP	Extension for compressed reports	CSV.ZIP, XLS.ZIP

Example:

15RPTMTX01002XX2019032813GCP00L0SGCP00.XLS.ZIP 14RPTMTX01002XX2019032813GCP00L0SGCP00.XLS.ZIP

6.2 General file naming conventions

Files, such as theoretical price files in Eurex or instrument reference data files are called nontransactional reports.

The naming conventions for nontransactional reports are slightly different from report naming conventions.

6.2.1 Eurex file naming conventions

Field	Meaning	Remark	
[0-9]{2}	Environment ID	00, 90 Prod, 01, 95 Simu 2 numerics	
[0-9A-Z]{8}	Filename i.e. FPICPARA 8 alphanumerics		
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Member ID	i.e. PAKFR 5 alphanumerics	
[0-9]{8}	Business date	YYYYMMDD 8 numerics	
[A-Z]{4}	Flexindicator 1	intraday/end of day identifier 4 chars	
n.a.	Flexindicator 2	n.a.	
١.	Dot		
[A-Z]{3}\.ZIP	Extension for compressed files	CSV.ZIP, LIS.ZIP, TXT.ZIP, XML.ZIP	

Example:

Eurex intraday theoretical price file: 01FPICPARAPAKFR20120301INTR.TXT.ZIP

Eurex end-of-day theoretical price file: 01FPICPARAPAKFR20120301.TXT.ZIP

6.2.2 CCP file naming conventions

Field	Meaning	Remark
[0-9]{2}	Environment ID	20 Prod, 21 Simu 2 numerics
[0-9A-Z]{8}	Filename	i.e. FPICTHEC 8 alphanumerics
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Member ID	i.e. PAKFR 5 alphanumerics
[0-9]{8}	Business date	YYYYMMDD 8 numerics
n.a.	Flexindicator 1	n.a.
n.a.	Flexindicator 2	n.a.
\.	Dot	
[A-Z]{3}\.ZIP	Extension for compressed files	CSV.ZIP, LIS.ZIP, TXT.ZIP, XML.ZIP

Example CCP theoretical price file: 21FPICTHECPAKFR20120301.TXT.ZIP

6.2.3 Xetra Release 17.0 file naming conventions

Field	Meaning	Remark	
[0-9]{2}	Environment ID	XFRA 61 Prod, 62 Simu 2 numerics	
[0-9A-Z]{8}	Filename	i.e. FTXEONLN 8 alphanumerics	
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Member ID	i.e. PUBLI 5 alphanumerics	
[0-9]{8}	Business date	YYYYMMDD 8 numerics	
n.a.	Flexindicator 1	n.a.	
[A-Z]{4}	Flexindicator 2	MIC Code 4 alphanumerics	
\.	Dot		
[A-Z]{3}\.ZIP	Extension for compressed files	CSV.ZIP, LIS.ZIP, TXT.ZIP, XML.ZIP	

Example Xetra instrument reference data file: 61FTXEONLSPUBLI20190805XFRA.CSV.ZIP

Please see Appendix B for an overview about naming conventions for all Xetra 17.0 instrument reference data files.

6.2.4 Eurex Clearing Prisma file naming conventions for participant specific files

Field	Meaning	Remark
[0-9]{2}	Environment ID	00 Prod, 01 Simu
		2 numerics
[0-9A-Z]{8}	File name	i.e. FILTHEOI
		8 alphanumerics
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Member ID	i.e. PAKFR
		5 alphanumerics
[0-9]{8}	Business date	YYYYMMDD
		8 numerics
[0-9A-Z_\-]{0,34}	Flexindicator 1	<clgmember_id></clgmember_id>
		<version></version>
	Flexindicator 2	<tech_split_ident></tech_split_ident>
		_ <max_split_tech></max_split_tech>
\.	Dot	
[A-Z]{3}\.ZIP	Extension for compressed files	CSV.ZIP, LIS.ZIP, TXT.ZIP, XML.ZIP

Example:

Open interest theoretical price files:

00FILTHEOICBKFRYYYYMMDDCBKFREUXCINTR01_01.TXT.ZIP (Intraday) 00FILTHEOICBKFRYYYYMMDDCBKFREUXCEODX01_01.TXT.ZIP (End of day)

6.2.5 Eurex T7 Reference Data File (RDF) naming conventions in public area

Field	Meaning	Remark	
[0-9]{2}	Environment ID	00, 90 Prod, 01, 95 Simu	
		2 numerics	
[0-9A-Z]{8}	Report name	i.e. FILRDF01	
		8 alphanumerics	
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Member ID	i.e. PUBLI	
		5 alphanumerics	
[0-9]{8}	Business date	YYYYMMDD	
		8 numerics	
[A-Z]{4}	Flexindicator 1	MIC Code	
		4 chars	
[A-Z]{4}	Flexindicator 2	n.a.	
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Timestamp	UTC second of the year when the	
		initial file (sequence number 000) was created, base36 encoded	
		5 alphanumerics	
[0-9]{3}	Sequence number	000 – 999	
		3 numerics	
\.	Dot		
[A-Z]{3}\.ZIP	extension for compressed files	XML.ZIP	

Example Eurex RDF:00FILRDF01PUBLI20120903XEURITS00999.XML.ZIPExample EEX RDF:00FILRDF01PUBLI20120903XEEEITS00999.XML.ZIP

6.2.6 Xetra T7 Reference Data File (RDF) naming conventions in public area

Field	Meaning	Remark
[0-9]{2}	Environment ID	51Prod,
		52 Simu
		2 numerics
[0-9A-Z]{8}	Report name and ID	i.e. FILRDF01(dynamic)
		FILRDF02 (static)
		8 alphanumerics
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Member ID	i.e. PUBLI
		5 alphanumerics
[0-9]{8}	Business date	YYYYMMDD
		8 numerics
[A-Z]{4}	Flexindicator 1	MIC Code
		4 chars
[A-Z]{4}	Flexindicator 2	n.a.
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Timestamp	UTC second of the year when the
		initial file (sequence number 000) was
		created, base36 encoded
		5 alphanumerics
[0-9]{3}	Sequence number	000
\.	Dot	
[A-Z]{3}\.ZIP	extension for compressed files	XML.ZIP

Example Xetra T7 RDF:

FILRDF01	FILRDF02
51FILRDF01PUBLI20131218XETR30SKW000.XML	51FILRDF02PUBLI20131218XETR.ZIP

Current list of valid Xetra MIC codes: XETR Xetra Frankfurt

6.2.7 Börse Frankfurt and Börse Frankfurt Zertifikate T7 Reference Data

Field	Meaning	Remark	
[0-9]{2}	Environment ID	61 Prod, 62 Simu	
		2 numerics	
[0-9A-Z]{8}	Report name and ID	i.e.	
		FILRDF02 (static)	
		FILRDF01 (BF+BFZ)	
		FILRDF03 (BF)	
		FILRDF04 (BFZ)	
		FILRDF05 (BFZ BALFR)	
		FILRDF06 (BFZ ICFFR)	
		8 alphanumerics	
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Member ID	i.e. PUBLI	
		5 alphanumerics	
[0-9]{8}	Business date	YYYYMMDD	
		8 numerics	
[A-Z]{4}	Flexindicator 1	MIC Code	
		4 chars	
[A-Z]{4}	Flexindicator 2	n.a.	
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Timestamp	UTC second of the year when the	
		initial file (sequence number 000) was	
		created, base36 encoded	
		5 alphanumerics	
[0-9]{3}	Sequence number	000	
\.	Dot		
[A-Z]{3}\.ZIP	extension for compressed files	XML.ZIP	

Example: 62FILRDF02PUBLI20190506XFRA.ZIP 61FILRDF02PUBLI20190506XFRA.ZIP

62FILRDF01PUBLI20190506XFRA6CMHD000.XML.ZIP 62FILRDF01PUBLI20190506XFRA6CMHD000.CSV.ZIP

61FILRDF01PUBLI20190506XFRA6CMHD000.XML.ZIP 61FILRDF01PUBLI20190506XFRA6CMHD000.CVS.ZIP

6.2.8 Eurex Clearing Prisma file naming conventions in public area

Field	Meaning	Remark
[0-9]{2}	Environment ID	00 Prod, 01 Simu 2 numerics
[0-9A-Z]{8}	Report name	i.e. FILTHEOI 8 alphanumerics
[0-9A-Z]{5}	Member ID	i.e. PAKFR 5 alphanumerics
[0-9]{8}	Business date	YYYYMMDD 8 numerics
[0-9A-Z_\-]{0,34}	Flexindicator 1	<file_type> <version></version></file_type>
	Flexindicator 2	<tech_split_ident> _ <max_split_tech></max_split_tech></tech_split_ident>
[A-Z]{3}\.ZIP	Extension for compressed files	CSV.ZIP, LIS.ZIP, TXT.ZIP, XML.ZIP

Examples:

Open interest theoretical price file: 00FILTHEOIPUBLI20170807EUXCOIEODX01_01.TXT.ZIP 00FILTHEOIPUBLI20170807EUXCOIINTR01_01.TXT.ZIP

Non open interest theoretical price file: 00FILTHEOIPUBLI20170807EUXCNIEODX01_04.TXT.ZIP 00FILTHEOIPUBLI20170807EUXCNIINTR01_04.TXT.ZIP

Other files (End of day, no technical split needed):

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00FILFOREXPUBLI20170807EUXCEODX.TXT.ZIP 00FILRIMECPUBLI20170807EUXCEODX.TXT.ZIP

6.3 Corrupted reports and files

A report or file not following the naming conventions might be corrupt. Occurrence of such reports should be reported to Deutsche Börse AG Group Client Key Account Management Example for a corrupted report: 01RPTTA111PAKFR20120301GDBXX.TXT.ZIP_INC

6.4 Report availability

Scripts fetching reports automatically from the servers should be configured accordingly in a given time frame (please see website <u>http://deutsche-boerse.com/dbg-en/about-us/services/service-status</u>) The CRE servers will run 24/7 with the following exceptions: A few downtimes per year for general hardware maintenance, typically during Saturdays/Sundays. Nevertheless, permanent session log in is not supported. We will run regular member database software maintenance Monday to Friday at about 3.45 am and 2.15 pm (key importing) and at about 5.15 am (member enrolment). If necessary, additional software maintenance runs will take place especially on weekends. After each maintenance run a new login needs to be performed.

Deutsche Börse reserves the right to introduce technical limitations on the amount of requests allowed per timeframe and business partner, if necessary. It is recommended to keep an interval of at least 1 or 2 minutes between individual connection attempts to the CRE.

6.5 Historical reports: Restore directory

A new 'restore' directory can be created on the business day directory level of the member area. This directory is created and populated if participants manually order the retransmission of historical files and reports that are no longer available on the CRE.

As usual ordering of historical reports needs to be arranged with the help of <u>cts@deutsche-boerse.com</u> It will also be created and populated with reports or files that outdate the history-keeping period. An existing 'restore' directory will also be available for a minimum of 10 business days.

We recommend to download and safe the reports since it is a paid service to restore reports older than 10 business days.

6.6 Streamlined EOL encoding

All reports and files available on the CRE will use a carriage return line feed character <CRLF> as line separator.

This is different to current reports available on MISS servers.

7 Appendix A

See examples of log file / output of successful connections to the CRE below.

7.1 Example of successful WinSCP connection log file

```
Debug level 1 is set:
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 -----
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 WinSCP Version 4.3.2 (Build 1201) (OS 5.2.3790
Service Pack 2)
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 Login time: Wednesday, August 01, 2012 1:27:08 PM
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 -----
  _____
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 Session name: 1027709 000001@193.29.90.67
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 Host name: 193.29.90.67 (Port: 2222)
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 User name: 1027709 000001 (Password: No, Key
file: Yes)
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 Tunnel: No
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 Transfer Protocol: SFTP
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 Ping type: -, Ping interval: 30 sec; Timeout: 15
sec
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 Proxy: none
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 SSH protocol version: 2; Compression: Yes
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 Bypass authentication: No
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 Try agent: Yes; Agent forwarding: No;
TIS/CryptoCard: No; KI: Yes; GSSAPI: No
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 Ciphers: aes, blowfish, 3des, WARN, arcfour, des;
Ssh2DES: No
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 SSH Bugs: -,-,-,-,-,-,-,-
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 SFTP Bugs: -,-
 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 Return code variable: Autodetect; Lookup user
groups: Yes
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 Shell: default
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 EOL: 0, UTF: 2
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 Clear aliases: Yes, Unset nat.vars: Yes, Resolve
symlinks: Yes
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 LS: ls -la, Ign LS warn: Yes, Scpl Comp: No
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 Local directory: default, Remote directory: home,
Update: No, Cache: Yes
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 Cache directory changes: Yes, Permanent: Yes
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 DST mode: 1
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.342 -----
   . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.358 Looking up host "193.29.90.67"
. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.358 Connecting to 193.29.90.67 port 2222
```

. 2012-08-01 13:27:08.358 Waiting for the server to continue with the initialisation . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.358 Detected network event . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.373 Detected network event . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.373 Server version: SSH-2.0-OpenSSH 5.3 . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.373 We believe remote version has SSH-2 ignore bug . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.373 Using SSH protocol version 2 . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.373 We claim version: SSH-2.0-WinSCP release 4.3.2 . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.373 Waiting for the server to continue with the initialisation . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.373 Detected network event . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.373 Doing Diffie-Hellman group exchange . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.373 Waiting for the server to continue with the initialisation . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.420 Detected network event . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.420 Doing Diffie-Hellman key exchange with hash SHA-1 . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.639 Waiting for the server to continue with the initialisation . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.639 Detected network event . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.967 Host key fingerprint is: . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.967 ssh-rsa 2048 3b:c0:a4:8d:a2:a0:f7:2b:a1:2e:0c:b7:f4:02:9d:c7 . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.967 Initialised AES-256 SDCTR client->server encryption . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.967 Initialised HMAC-SHA2 client->server MAC algorithm . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.967 Initialised AES-256 SDCTR server->client encryption . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.967 Initialised HMAC-SHA2 server->client MAC algorithm . 2012-08-01 13:27:08.967 Waiting for the server to continue with the initialisation . 2012-08-01 13:27:09.014 Detected network event . 2012-08-01 13:27:09.014 Reading private key file "C:\Program Files\putty\cre test 1 priv.ppk" ! 2012-08-01 13:27:09.014 Using username "1027709 000001". . 2012-08-01 13:27:09.014 Waiting for the server to continue with the initialisation . 2012-08-01 13:27:09.076 Detected network event . 2012-08-01 13:27:09.092 Offered public key . 2012-08-01 13:27:09.092 Waiting for the server to continue with the initialisation . 2012-08-01 13:27:09.092 Detected network event . 2012-08-01 13:27:09.092 Offer of public key accepted ! 2012-08-01 13:27:09.092 Authenticating with public key "rsa-key-20110318" . 2012-08-01 13:27:09.514 Waiting for the server to continue with the initialisation . 2012-08-01 13:27:09.670 Detected network event

. 2012-08-01 13:27:09.670 Access granted . 2012-08-01 13:27:09.670 Waiting for the server to continue with the initialisation . 2012-08-01 13:27:09.873 Detected network event . 2012-08-01 13:27:09.873 Opened channel for session . 2012-08-01 13:27:09.873 Waiting for the server to continue with the initialisation . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 Detected network event . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 Started a shell/command . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 -----_____ . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 Using SFTP protocol. . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 Doing startup conversation with host. > 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 Type: SSH FXP INIT, Size: 5, Number: -1 . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 Sent 9 bytes . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 There are 0 bytes remaining in the send buffer . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 Waiting for another 4 bytes . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 Detected network event . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 Received 99 bytes (0) . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 Read 4 bytes (95 pending) . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 Read 95 bytes (0 pending) < 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 Type: SSH FXP VERSION, Size: 95, Number: -1 . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 SFTP version 3 negotiated. . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 Unknown server extension posixrename@OpenSSH.com="1" . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 Unknown server extension statvfs@OpenSSH.com="2" . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 Unknown server extension fstatvfs@OpenSSH.com="2" . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 We believe the server has signed timestamps bug . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 We will use UTF-8 strings for status messages only . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.076 Limiting packet size to OpenSSH sftp-server limit of 262148 bytes . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Getting current directory name. . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Getting real path for '.' > 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Type: SSH FXP REALPATH, Size: 10, Number: 1296 . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Sent 14 bytes . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 There are 0 bytes remaining in the send buffer . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Waiting for another 4 bytes . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Detected network event . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Received 27 bytes (0) . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Read 4 bytes (23 pending) . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Read 23 bytes (0 pending) < 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Type: SSH_FXP_NAME, Size: 23, Number: 1296 . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Real path is '/' . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Listing directory "/". > 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Type: SSH_FXP_OPENDIR, Size: 10, Number: 1547 . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Sent 14 bytes . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 There are 0 bytes remaining in the send buffer

. 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Waiting for another 4 bytes . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Detected network event . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Received 17 bytes (0) . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Read 4 bytes (13 pending) . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Read 13 bytes (0 pending) < 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Type: SSH FXP HANDLE, Size: 13, Number: 1547 > 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Type: SSH FXP READDIR, Size: 13, Number: 1804 . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Sent 17 bytes . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 There are 0 bytes remaining in the send buffer . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.092 Waiting for another 4 bytes . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 Detected network event . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 Received 1903 bytes (0) . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 Read 4 bytes (1899 pending) . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 Read 1899 bytes (0 pending) < 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 Type: SSH FXP NAME, Size: 1899, Number: 1804 > 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 Type: SSH FXP READDIR, Size: 13, Number: 2060 . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 Sent 17 bytes . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 There are 0 bytes remaining in the send buffer . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 Read file '.' from listing . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 Read file '...' from listing . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 Read file 'gdbxx' from listing . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 Waiting for another 4 bytes . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 Detected network event . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 Received 32 bytes (0) . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 Read 4 bytes (28 pending) . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 Read 28 bytes (0 pending) < 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 Type: SSH FXP STATUS, Size: 28, Number: 2060 < 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 Status code: 1 > 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 Type: SSH FXP CLOSE, Size: 13, Number: 2308 . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 Sent 17 bytes . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 There are 0 bytes remaining in the send buffer . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.248 Startup conversation with host finished. . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.311 Session upkeep . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.311 Detected network event . 2012-08-01 13:27:10.311 Received 28 bytes (0) . 2012-08-01 13:27:14.498 Session upkeep . 2012-08-01 13:27:14.529 Closing connection. . 2012-08-01 13:27:14.529 Sending special code: 12 . 2012-08-01 13:27:14.529 Sent EOF message

8 Appendix B

8.1 Naming conventions for Xetra Release 17.0 instrument reference data files

Public area:			
Backend Environment	Environment	Exchange Segment	Examples
Börse Frankfurt	Production	Xetra Specialist	61FTXEONLNPUBLI20121201XFRA.CSV.ZIP
Börse Frankfurt	Production	Structured Products	61FTXEONLSPUBLI20121201XFRA.CSV.ZIP
Börse Frankfurt	Simulation	Xetra Specialist	62FTXEONLNPUBLI20121201XFRA.CSV.ZIP
Börse Frankfurt	Simulation	Structured Products	62FTXEONLSPUBLI20121201XFRA.CSV.ZIP

9 Appendix C

9.1 Markets and markets included

CRE	Market	Environment	Included Market	MIC Code
CRE area A	CCP	PRODUCTION	CCP SEC Lending	n.a.
		SIMULATION	CCP SEC Lending	n.a.
	Derivatives Markets	PRODUCTION	EUREX T7/FX EEX OTC Clear	XEUR XEUR XEEE n.a
		SIMULATION	EUREX T7/FX EEX OTC Clear	XEUR XEUR XEEE n.a
	Cash Markets	PRODUCTION	XETRA MALTA SE Cayman Islands SE BULGARIAN SE	XETR XMAL XCAY XBUL
		SIMULATION	XETRA MALTA SE Cayman Islands SE BULGARIAN SE	XETR XMAL XCAY XBUL
		ADVANCED SIMULATION	XETRA	XETR
	Börse Frankfurt	PRODUCTION	XETRA FFM2	XFRA
		SIMULATION	XETRA FFM2	XFRA
CRE area B	Regulatory Reporting Hub	PRODUCTION	RRH OTC Trade Reporting RRH OTC Trade Reporting	n.a.
	Eurex Repo	PRODUCTION	Eurex Repo	XEUP
		SIMULATION	Eurex Repo	XEUP

9.2 CRE Environment Number

- 00 Eurex Clearing Production
- 01 Eurex Clearing Simulation
- 10 Regulatory Reporting Hub Production
- 16 Regulatory Reporting Hub Simulation
- 14 Eurex Repo Production
- 15 Eurex Repo Simulation
- 19 Eurex Repo Advanced Simulation
- 20 CCP Production
- 21 CCP Simulation
- 51 T7 Cash Market Production (Xetra)
- 52 T7 Cash Market Simulation (Xetra)
- 53 Xetra Advanced Simulation
- 61 Xetra FFM2 Production
- 62 Xetra FFM2 Simulation
- 70 EUREX FX Futures Production
- 75 EUREX FX Futures Simulation
- 84 Eurex OTC Production
- 85 Eurex OTC Simulation
- 90 T7 Derivatives Production (Eurex, EEX)
- 95 T7 Derivatives Simulation (Eurex, EEX)

10 Appendix D - Server host key for the CRE

ssh-rsa

 $\label{eq:spinor} AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAADAQABAAACAQDDYFfOKNFXSUDGNfAS8gUnv/IXNn4RIX3Oqi8dRGQiVJ3MqmHrwUsejNcrMOZSBin8IAb+y3eK5SqQNYgfSj3S+wcrUsIzB5R+Cd8LHqJXzDb3FM32lfOqHQQek6D555BqM8GzMhywwCu9tpzXKPS9MHvM8S/MEJ+TsoRd2JFC7t1DUKe5Y/f1e+sht3BFjt6hy6j5EZsvTLRNYVmHw+WtmZXCIYyRFxbcglVqo00reWFXtxh5Z+j3QGpTmfXjnj9JARvXhZgAbmVT2b4MaDrICk/dNsQhlcclfoukXvphPdQwWszxZ3XcqbxvIs01N0yeTJ01u1ntEpinNI7gWH68dfvcpRT6uv48o6SRbrX3n0wmh7sf0Dx3khBjLWKqfMYDgK8E4yEsh7E3iNJbBIpGpE0ZVLaDLiaxXZ3ZjqyOPtQ2a9lfwvizS67F0GwdjXAReej4SmXf1ei3EqYb7tx05VplfRJtzdGUBqECf7I0H3zH6niUcR8Kr6XfMrEv1FPwTntIM82Gfj0/U3pbvnxilxdYv4aWz2i+tZ3a92ffXCGkGrheMXYmiWrUCD90I+zQ5a3AEdjeD0hJXaoAodqkoEMSn+mTFXYMfKXUtTgqnBsNZAIw3eiG4jiS7UVp7oemiHYm1XoZnSERswjrDWH+W/5aX50h5S4jHqFZjXMRIw==$

Fingerprint hashed with SHA-2:

nOwBgZcg2SSEqKOXYY/cU0ibOC4XoDVChfGi8tUdjgs

Fingerprint hashed with MD5:

8c:f4:cd:f2:48:30:64:01:04:75:24:47:bb:9d:a6

11 Appendix E

Links to actual Reports Reference Manuals and File descriptions

<u>Eurex</u>

Eurex T7 <u>www.eurexchange.com</u> -> Technology -> T7 Trading architecture -> System documentation -> Release "x" -> Eurex Reports

Eurex Reference Data Files (REFDAT): www.eurexchange.com

-> Technology -> T7 Trading architecture -> System documentation -> Release "x" -> Market and Reference Data Interfaces

Eurex C7

www.eurexclearing.com -> Technology -> Eurex Clearing's C7 -> System documentation -> Eurex Reports

Eurex Clearing Prisma: Eurex Member Section

https://member.eurexclearing.com

after login -> Risk and Collateral Management -> Eurex Clearing PRISMA -> Documents & Circulars -> Documents Release "X"

Eurex OTC: Eurex Member Section

https://member.eurexclearing.com

after login -> Technology -> EurexOTC Clear -> System Documentation

<u>CCP</u>

www.eurexclearing.com

-> Technology -> Eurex Clearing's Securities CCP -> System documentation -> Release "x" -> Technical Manuals

<u>Xetra</u>

Xetra (XETR until Release 17.0): Xetra Member Section <u>https://member.deutsche-boerse.com</u> after login -> Cash Market Resources -> Documentation -> Release "X">

Xetra (T7 + Classic Instruments) : Xetra Member Section <u>https://member.deutsche-boerse.com</u> after login -> Cash Market Resources -> Instruments

Xetra Cash Market Report Documentation on T7 www.xetra.com

-> Technology -> T7 Trading Architecture -> System documentation -> Release "X"-> Reports

Xetra Cash Market T7 All Tradable Instruments

www.xetra.com

-> Instruments-> All tradable instruments -> Xetra

Coming soon:

Börse Frankfurt and Börse Frankfurt Zertifikate T7 All tradable instruments www.xetra.com

-> Instruments-> All tradable instruments -> Börse Frankfurt